

MTX-65ULP TERMINAL

Integrators Manual



ULTRA LOW POWER GSM/GPRS TERMINAL



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Important information

This technical description contains important information for start up and use of the MTX-65ULP Terminal.

Read it carefully before you start working with the MTX-65ULP Terminal.

The warranty will be void should damage occur due to non-compliance with these instructions for use. We cannot accept any responsibility for consequential loss.

Service and Support

To contact customer support please use the contact details below:

Matrix Electronica Alejandro Sanchez, 109 28019 Madrid –Spaingsmsupport@matrix.es

Information about MTX-65ULP product and accessories is available on the following web site: http://www.matrix.es/MTX-Terminals

And following FTP server (ask for user&password access): ftp://ftp.matrixelectronica.eu/

Or contact your local distributor / sales agent:

REVISION INFORMATION

FIRST EDITION. VERSION 1.0. March 2009
FIRST EDITION. VERSION 1.1. October 2009
FIRST EDITION. VERSION 1.2. February 2010

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Description

The MTX-65ULP terminal is variant model for the successful MTX-65 terminal, but with a very powerful feature: ULTRA LOWER POWER mode.

The MTX-65ULP is the perfect choice for applications that are battery operated, in remote locations, just needs to use GSM/GPRS radio in a proper moment of the day/week/month or when some event has happen. The MTX-65ULP is the most suitable equipment for metering application.

The MTX-65ULP just need 2.3 uA (typ) in ULTRA low-power mode. In this mode, the GSM terminal is completely powered-off, only a precise RTC and wake-up latches inputs are powered. MTX-65ULP contains a battery capable to run the RTC for 10 years even if the terminal is not externally powered.

When the programmed RTC alarm or an input is triggered, the GSM is powered-on, getting the normal power from the source. After the transmission, the terminal can be put in the ULTRA low-power mode again.

MTX-65ULP include Java embedded programmability and full range of I/Os. The unit can host and control your Java J2ME application allowing developing and embedding your code directly inside, shortening time to market and reducing costs. The new internal Watchdog supervisor avoids hangs-up. Alternatively, it can be used as a powerful standalone GPRS modem with its intrinsic TCP/IP stack.

The MTX-65ULP terminal is able to handle Voice and Data call, SMS, Fax, and GPRS with its powerful TCP-IP stack communication with Internet Services: TCP, UDP, HTTP, FTP, SMTP, POP3.

With quad band 900/1800 MHz and 850/1900 MHz, your applications can be used all over the world

MTX-65ULP is RoHs, WEEE, FCC and CE compliant. It is manufactured with the ISO 9001 & ISO 14001 Quality certifications

A full list of antennas, cables and supplies accessories are available.

The MTX-65ULP incorporates a Siemens WM TC65 module

Note! Some of the functions described inside this Technical Description are only possible when the SIM-Card is inserted

1.2. ORDERING INFORMATION

MTX-65ULP: 199.801.104

Hardware revision: 1.0 Firmware revision: 03.000

1.2 Highlights

Interfaces

- FME M 50 Ohm antenna connector
- Expansion Port: 15-way HD D-SUB
 - 5 Digital TTL/CMOS Input/Output
 - 1 Analog Input
 - 1 x I2C/SPI bus
 - 1 x 2-wires RS232 UART
- RS232 9 pin D-sub connector for serial interfaces (ITU-T V.24 protocol)
- USB mini (2.0 Full-Speed End-Point Compliant)
- 2 Operating status LED
- SIM card interface 3 V, 1.8 V with SIM detection
- Plug-in power supply and on/off interfaces
- · Handset audio interface
- RTC + Alarm powered by internal battery 10 years expected life

General Features

- Quad-Band GSM 850/900/1800/1900 MHz
- · GPRS multi-slot class 12
- GSM release 99
- Output power:
 - Class 4 (2 W) for EGSM850 & EGSM900
 - Class 1 (1 W) for GSM1800 & GSM1900
- Control via AT commands (Hayes 3GPP TS 27.007 and 27.005)
- SIM Application Toolkit (release 99)
- TCP/IP stack access via AT commands
- Internet Services: TCP, UDP, HTTP, FTP, SMTP, POP3
- Supply voltage range: 5.9 10 V (under request can be ordered as 9.8 13.9 V)
- Power consumption (at 7.2 V):
 - Power down 0,5 mA
 - Sleep mode (registered DRX = 2) 28 mA
 - Speech mode (average) 360 mA
 - GPRS class 12 [Power reduction = 6dB] (average) 330 mA
- Temperature range
 - Operation: -10°C to +70°C
 - Storage: -40°C to +85°C
- Dimensions. Excluding connectors: 78,1 x 66,8 x 37,2 mm
- Weight: < 190 g

GPRS data transmission

- GPRS class 12
- · Mobile station class B
- PBCCH support
- Coding schemes CS 1-4

Multiple simultaneous PDP contexts

CSD data transmission

- Up to 14.4 kbit/s
- V.110
- · Non-transparent mode
- USSD support

Specification for fax

Group 3, class 1, 2

Voice Features

- Triple-rate codec for HR, FR, and EFR
- Adaptive multi-rate AMR
- Basic hands-free operation
- Echo cancellation
- Noise reduction

Short Message Service (SMS) Features

- Point-to-point MO and MT
- SMS cell broadcast
- Text and PDU mode

Internet Protocols

TCP/UDP/IP protocol stack Extensive AT command access to TCP/IP stack Internet Services: TCP, UDP, HTTP, FTP, SMTP, POP3

Open application resources

ARM© Core, Blackfin© DSP

- Memory: 400 KB (RAM) and 1.7 MB (Flash)
- · Improved power-saving mode

Java™ features

- CLDC 1.1 HI
- J2ME™ profile IMP-NG
- · Secure data transmission with HTTPS, SSL and PKI

Over-the-air update

- Application SW: OTAP
- Firmware: FOTA (OMA compliant)

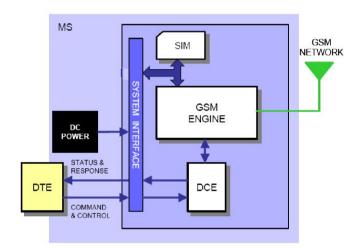
1.3 MTX-65ULP Wireless modems in a Communication System

Figure 1 and Figure 2 illustrate the main blocks of a wireless communication system using the wireless modem. Figure 1 show the communication system when a micro-controller is used. They also show the communication principles of the system and the interface between the wireless modem and the application and Figure 2 shows the communication system when the JAVA application is embedded on the wireless modem. The definitions in the figures, as used elsewhere in this manual, are in accordance with the recommendations of 3GPP TS 27.007.

The MS (mobile station) represents the wireless modem and SIM card. The wireless modem excluding SIM card, is known as the ME (mobile equipment).

The DTE (data terminal equipment) is the controlling application. This can be either an external host or an internal embedded application.

The DCE (data circuit terminating equipment) is the serial communication interface of the MS.



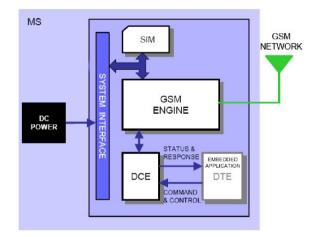


Figure 1. Main Blocks in a Wireless System (external micro-controller)

Figure 2. Main Blocks in a Wireless System (embedded application)

1.4 Main Features and Services

The MTX-65ULP performs a set of telecom services (TS) according to GSM standard phase 2+, ETSI and ITU-T. The services and functions of the MTX-65ULP are implemented by issuing customized applications embedded on the device, or by AT commands issued internally, or over the RS232 serial interface.

1.4.1 Types of Mobile Station

The MTX-65ULP is a fully Quad Band capable GSM/GPRS mobile station with the characteristics shown in the table below.

| Feature | | GSM850 | E-GSM900 | GSM1800 | GSM1900 | |
|----------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| Frequency | Tx | 824-849 | 880-915 | 1710-1785 | 1850-1910 | |
| range (MHz) | Rx | 869-894 | 925-960 | 1805-1880 | 1930-1990 | |
| RF power @ARP with 50 load (typ) | | 33dBm | 33dBm | 30dBm | 30dBm | |
| Channel spacing | | 200kHz | 200kHz | 200kHz | 200kHz | |
| Number of chann | els | 124 | 174 | 374 | 299 | |
| Number of TD slo | ots | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | |
| Duplex spacing | | 45MHz | 45MHz | 95MHz | 80MHz | |
| GSM power class | | 4 (2W) | 4 (2W) | 1 (1W) | 1 (1W) | |
| Modulation | | GMSK | | | | |
| Receive sensitivit | у | <-102dBm at antenna connector | | | | |
| GPRS multi-slot o | lass | Class 12 | | | | |

1.4.2 Short Message Service

The wireless modem supports the following SMS services:

- Sending; MO (mobile-originated) with both PDU (protocol data unit) and text mode supported
- Receiving; MT (mobile-terminated) with both PDU and text mode supported
- CBM (cell broadcast message); a service in which a message is sent to all subscribers located in one or more specific cells in the GSM network (for example, traffic reports)
- SMS status report according to 3GPP TS 23.40

The maximum length of a text mode SMS message is 160 characters using 7-bit encoding. The wireless modem supports up to six concatenated messages to extend this function. Concatenation is performed by the host application.

1.4.3 Voice Calls

The wireless modem offers the capability of MO (mobile originated) and MT (mobile terminated) voice calls, as well as supporting emergency calls. Multi-party, call waiting and call divert features are available. Some of these features are network operator specific.

For the inter-connection of audio, the wireless modem offers balanced analogue input and output lines. The wireless modems support HR, FR, EFR and AMR vocoders.

1.4.4 Data

The wireless modem supports the following data protocols:

• GPRS (General Packet Radio Service)

The wireless modem is a Class B terminal. The wireless modem is GPRS multi-slot class 12 enabled, capable of receiving at a maximum of four timeslots per frame (down link), and transmitting in four timeslots per frame (up link). See section 1.4.5 for multi-slot allocation by class.

• CSD (Circuit Switched Data)

The MTX-65ULP wireless modem is capable of establishing a CSD communication at 9.6 kbps over the air.

1.4.5 GPRS Multi-Slot Support

GSM Multi-slot classes supported by MTX-65ULP

| Multislot | Maximum | slot allocat | ion | Allowable | May data vata | |
|-----------|----------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Class | Downlink | Uplink | Active | Configuration | Max data rate | |
| 8 | 4 | 1 5 1 up: | | 1 up; 4 down | 8-12Kbps Send | |
| Ü | 7 | 1 | 3 | r up, 4 down | 32-48Kbps Receive | |
| | | 1 up; 4 | 1 up. 4 down | 8-12Kbps Send | | |
| 10 | 9 4 2 5 | | _ | r up, 4 down | 32-48Kbps Receive | |
| 10 | | 5 | 0 . 0 . | 16-24Kbps Send | | |
| | | | | 2 up; 3 down | 24-36Kbps Receive | |
| | | | | 1 up 4 down | 0. 10kmbo mar alat | |
| 12 | 4 4 | 4 5 | 5 | 2 up 3 down 3 up 2 down | 8-12kpbs per slot | |
| | | | 4 up 1 down | | | |

1.4.6 Power Consumption

The table below briefly summarizes the various operating modes referred to in the following chapters.

| | GSM / GPRS SLEEP | Various power save modes set with AT+CFUN command. Software is active to minimum extent. If the Terminal was registered to the GSM network in IDLE mode, it is registered and paging with the BTS in SLEEP mode, too. Power saving can be chosen at different levels: The NON-CYCLIC SLEEP mode (AT+CFUN=0) disables the AT interface. The CYCLIC SLEEP modes AT+CFUN=7 and 9 alternately activate and deactivate the AT interfaces to allow permanent access to all AT commands. | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Normal operation | GSM IDLE | Software is active. Once registered to the GSM network paging with BTS is carried out. The Terminal is ready to send and receive. | | |
| Normal operation | GSM TALK | Connection between two subscribers is in progress. Power consumption depends on network coverage individual settings, such as DTX off/on, FR/EFR/HR, hopping sequences, antenna. | | |
| | GPRS IDLE | Terminal is ready for GPRS data transfer, but no data is currently sent or received. Power consumption depends on network settings and GPRS configuration (e.g. multislot settings). | | |
| | GPRS DATA | GPRS data transfer in progress. Power consumption depends on network settings (e.g. power control level), uplink / downlink data rates, GPRS configuration (e.g. used multislot settings) and reduction of maximum output power. | | |
| ULTRA LOW POWER MODE | Shutdown after sending the AT^SMSO command. The RTC works continuously, but the software is not active. Interfaces are not accessible. | | | |
| Airplane mode | Airplane mode shuts down the radio part, causes the Terminal to log off from the GSM/GPRS network and disables all AT commands whose execution requires a radio connection. Airplane mode can be controlled by the AT commands AT^SCFG and AT+CALA: With AT^SCFG= MEopMode/Airplane/OnStart the Terminal can be configured to enter the Airplane mode each time when switched on or reset. The parameter AT^SCFG=MEopMode/Airplane can be used to switch back and forth between Normal mode and Airplane mode any time during operation. Setting an alarm time with AT+CALA followed by AT^SMSO wakes the module up into Airplane mode at the scheduled time. | | | |

Average power consumption

| Parameter | Description | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| VPOWER | Operating Voltage | for one minute | 5.9 | 7.2 | 10 | V |
| | | Power Down mode | | TBD | | mA |
| | | SLEEP mode | | TBD | | mA |
| | | IDLE mode | | TBD | | mA |
| IPOWER Average supply cu @25°C @ worst of level | rrent (average time 3 min.) case: GSM 900 max power | TALK mode | | TBD | | mA |
| | | Data GPRS 1Tx / 4Rx | | TBD | | mA |
| | | Data GPRS 2Tx / 3Rx (Power reduction = 3dB) | | TBD | | mA |
| | | Data GPRS 4Tx / 1Rx (Power reduction = 6dB) | | TBD | | mA |
| IPOWER_P (6) | Peak supply current during transmission slot (577µs * No. of Tx every 4.6ms) | | | TBD | | mA |

The power consumption figures shown represent typical average current and making different multi-slot configurations, the worst case being that of two uplink and three downlink slots.

(6) Typical values measured with antenna impedance = 500hm (return loss >20dB)

1.4.7 SIM Card

The MTX-65ULP supports an external SIM card through the integrated SIM holder. Both 3V and 1.8V SIM technology is supported. Older, 5V SIM technology is not supported

1.5 Precautions

The MTX-65ULP as a standalone item is designed for indoor use only. To use outdoors it must be integrated into a weatherproof enclosure. Do not exceed the environmental and electrical limits as specified in "Technical Data", page 32.

2. MECHANICAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Overview

The pictures below show the mechanical design of the module along with the positions of the different connectors and mounting holes. The module case is made of durable PC/ABS plastic.

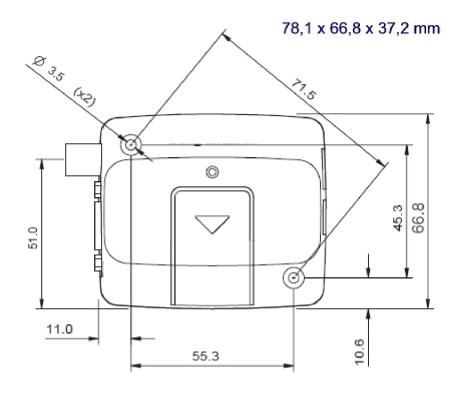


Figure 3. MTX-65ULP Module viewed from the right side



Figure 4. MTX-65ULP Module viewed from the left side

2.2. Dimensions



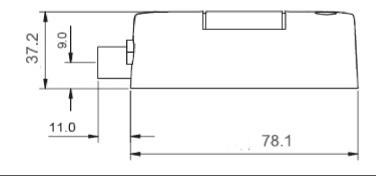


Figure 5. Dimensions of the MTX-65ULP terminal in mm

3. ELECTRICAL DESCRIPTION

All electrical connections to the module are protected in compliance with the standard air and contact Electrostatic Discharge (ESD).

The module uses the following industry standard connectors:

- D-Sub 9 pin female (Main RS232 serial port)
- High density 15 pin D-Sub (Secondary RS232 UART and extended I/O interface)
- RJ12 6-way (power supply connector and wake-up inputs)
- RJ12 4-way (handset connector)
- SIM card reader
- FME male coaxial jack (antenna connector)

3.1 Power Connector

An RJ12 6-way connector, as shown and described below, serves means of supplying and controlling d.c. power to the modem.

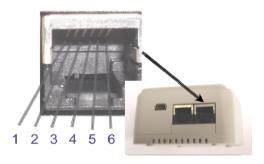
The supply voltage, VCC, required by the modem is in the range 5.9 – 10 V DC (under request can be ordered 9.8 - 13.9 V). The power supply has to be a single voltage source capable of providing a peak during an active transmission. The uplink burst causes strong ripples (drop) on the power lines.

Application of the supply voltage does switch the modem on.

Automatic restart after shutdown feature:

This allow to an application to be always switched on resp. to be able to restart by itself.

The terminal will not need external ignition to be powered up and will be powered up 100% time if power is applied.



| PIN: | Signal | Dir | Limits | Description |
|------|-----------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | VCC | Input | 5.9-10 VDC Typ. 7.2 | Positive power input |
| 2 | Wake-up 1 | Input | | Active low |
| 3 | Wake-up 2 | Input | | Active low |
| 4 | Wake-up 3 | Input | | Active high VIH min 3V VIH max VCC |
| 5 | Wake-up 4 | Input | | Active high VIH min 3V VIH max VCC |
| 6 | GND | Input | | Negative power |

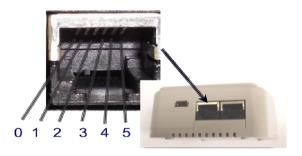
Note. VCC and GND are reverse polarity and overvoltage protected.

3.2 Audio Connector

A 6-way 4-poles RJ connector, as shown below, allows a telephone handset to be plugged into the modem, giving access to the microphone and earpiece signals. The connector may also be used to drive other analogue audio sub-systems or devices.

The audio interface provides one analog input for a microphone and one analog output for an earpiece.

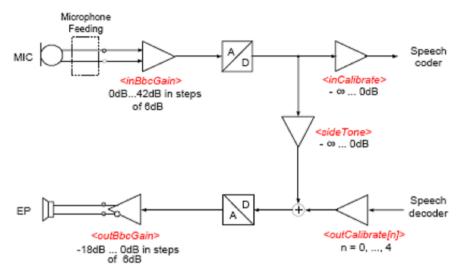
- The microphone input and the earpiece output are balanced.
- For electret microphones a supply source is implemented.
- The MTX-65ULP is pre-configured to work with a range of handsets, the audio interface is flexible and its performance can be configured, using AT commands, to match a particular handset or audio subsystem.
- Earpiece outputs are short-circuit protected.



Audio handset connection.

Audio signal descriptions are listed below:

| Pin | Signal | Dir | Description |
|-----|---------------|-----|---------------------------|
| 0 | Not connected | | |
| 1 | MICN | 1 | Microphone negative input |
| 2 | EPN | 0 | Earpiece negative output |
| 3 | EPP | 0 | Earpiece positive output |
| 4 | MICP | I | Microphone positive input |
| 5 | Not connected | | |



AT parameters are given in brackets <...> and marked red and italic.

The electrical characteristics of the voiceband part vary with the audio mode. Specifications are listed in following table. To suit several types of audio equipment, three audio modes given by default can be selected by the AT command AT^SNFS.

The audio mode 1 are optimized for the reference handset (type Votronic) connected to the MTX-65ULP Terminal, and to ensure that the reference parameters are always within the limits demanded by the standards they cannot be changed by AT command. Furthermore, the reference parameters are set as factory default.

In audio mode 4 and 5, the gain in the microphone, earpiece and the side tone path can be adjusted from the cellular device application by using further AT commands.

Please note that the 2nd audio interface of the TC63/655 module is not connected in the MTX-65ULP Terminal. Audio modes 2, 3 and 6 can be selected by setting AT^SAIC=2,1,1,

| Mode No AT^SNFS= | 1 (Default settings, not adjustable) | 4 | 5 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Name | Default Handset | User Handset | Plain Codec 1 |
| Purpose | Recommended handset | User provided handset | Direct access to speech coder |
| Gains programmable via AT command | NO | YES | YES |
| Sidetone | YES | YES | YES |
| Volume control | NO | YES | YES |
| Echo control (send) | Cancellation and suppression | Cancellation and suppression | NO |
| Noise suppression | YES | YES | NO |
| MIC input signal for 0dBm0 @ 1024 Hz (at default gain settings) | 12.5 mV | 12.5 mV | 400 mV |
| Earpiece output signal in mV eff. @ 0dBm0, 1024 Hz, no load (at default gain settings); @ 3.14 dBm0 | 475 mV | 475 mV (default @ max volume) | 1.5 V 6.0 Vpp |
| Sidetone gain (at default settings) | 24.9 dB | 24.9 dB | - dB |

The electrical characteristics are given in the table below.

| Function | Signal name | 10 | Parameter | Min. | Тур. | Мах. | Unit |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Microphone | MICP, | l | DC (no load) at MICP | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 | V |
| | MICN | | DC at MICP in POWER DOWN | | OV | | V |
| | | | DC (no load) at MICN | | 0 | | V |
| | | | DC Resistance differential MICN, MICP (balanced) | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.8 | kOhm |
| | | | Impedance Zi (balanced) | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | kOhm |
| | | | Input level Uimax | | | 0.6 | VPP |
| | | | Restricted Input level Uires 7 | | | 1.6 | VPP |
| | | | Gain range 6 dB steps | 0 | | 42 | dB |
| | | | Frequency Range | 200 | | 3900 | Hz |
| | | | fine scaling by DSP (inCalibrate) | - | | 0 | dB |
| Earpiece | EPP, EPN | 0 | Impedance (balanced) | 8 | | | Ohm |
| | | | AC output level UO Gain = 0dB @ 3.14 dBm0 no load | | 5.97 | | VPP |
| | | | Gain range | -18 | | 0 | dB |
| | | | Gain accuracy | | | 8.0 | dB |
| | | | Frequency area | 200 | | 3900 | Hz |
| | | | DC Offset (balanced) | | | 100 | mV |
| | | Attenuation distortion for 2003900Hz | | | 1 | dB | |
| | | | Out-of-band discrimination | | 70 | | dB |
| LEAudio | | | Length of Audio (Handset) cable | | | 3 | m |

Unless otherwise stated, all specified values are valid for gain setting (gs) 0dB and 1kHz test signal. gs = 0dB means audio mode = 5, inBbcGain = 0, inCalibrate = 32767, outBbcGain = 0, OutCalibrate = 16384, sideTone = 0.

The electrical characteristics of the voiceband part depend on the current audio mode selected by the AT command AT^SNFS. See Table 9: Audio modes.

The audio modes 4 and 5 can be adjusted by parameters. Each audio mode is assigned a separate parameter set.

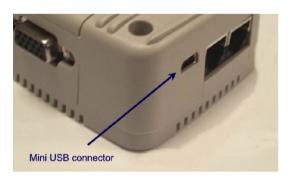
Audio Parameters Adjustable by AT Commands

| Parameter | Influence to | Range | Gain range | Calculation |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| inBbcGain | MICP/MICN analog amplifier gain of baseband controller before ADC | 07 | 042dB | 6dB steps |
| inCalibrate | digital attenuation of input signal after ADC | 032767 | 0dB | 20 * log (inCalibrate/ 32768) |
| outBbcGain | EPP/EPN analog output gain of baseband controller after DAC | 03 | 018dB | 6dB steps |
| outCalibrate[n] n = 04 | Digital attenuation of output signal after speech decoder, before summation of sidetone and DAC present for each volume step[n] | 032767 | +6dB | 20 * log (2 * outCalibrate[n]/ 32768) |
| sideTone | Digital attenuation of sidetone is corrected internally by outBbcGain to obtain a constant sidetone independently to output volume | 032767 | 0dB | 20 * log (sideTone/ 32768) |

3.3 Mini USB Connector

TC65 supports a USB 2.0 Full Speed (12Mbit/s) device interface. The USB interface is primarily intended for use as command and data interface and for downloading firmware. The USB I/O pins are capable of driving the signal at min 3.0V. They are 5V I/O compliant.

The USB port has different functions depending on whether or not Java is running. Under Java, the lines may be used for debugging purposes (see [16] for further detail). If Java is not used, the USB interface is available as a command and data interface and for downloading firmware.



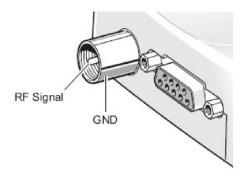
The USB I/O-pins are capable of driving the signal at min 3.0V. They are 5V I/O compliant. To properly connect the module's USB interface to the host a USB 2.0 compatible connector is required. Furthermore, the USB modem driver delivered with MTX65 must be installed as described below.

The USB host is responsible for supplying, across the VUSB_IN line, power the terminal USB interface.

There are available drivers for Windows environment applications. Visit MTX-65ULP web page at: www.matrix.es/MTX-TERMINALS

3.4 Antenna Connector

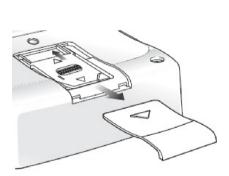
The antenna connector allows transmission of radio frequency (RF) signals between the modem and an external customer-supplied antenna. The modem is fitted with a 50 , FME male coaxial jack.

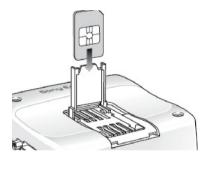


The external antenna must be matched properly to achieve best performance regarding radiated power, DC-power consumption, modulation accuracy and harmonic suppression.

3.5. SIM card reader

The MTX-65ULP Terminal is fitted with a SIM card reader designed for 1.8V and 3V SIM cards. It is the flip-up type which is lockable in the horizontal position and is accessed through a removable panel as shown below.





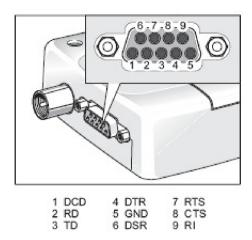
The card holder is a five wire interface according to GSM 11.11. A sixth pin has been added to detect whether or not the SIM card drawer is inserted.

Removing and inserting the SIM card during operation requires the software to be reinitialized. Therefore, alter reinserting the SIM card it is necessary to restart MTX65 Terminal.

The full operation of the MTX-65ULP relies on a SIM card being inserted. Some MTX-65ULP functionality may be lost if you try to operate the control terminal without a SIM card

3.6 MAIN Serial RS232 Interface Port ASCO

The modem supports a standard RS232 serial interface (EIA/TIA 574) via its 9 pin Sub-D connector, shown below.



MTX-65ULP Terminal is designed for use as a DCE. (data circuit-terminating equipment) based on the conventions for DCE-DTE connections it communicates with the customer application (DTE- data terminating equipment) using the following signals:

- Port TxD @ application sends data to TXD of MTX-65ULP Terminal
- Port RxD @ application receives data from RXD of MTX-65ULP Terminal

The RS-232 interface is implemented as a serial asynchronous transmitter and receiver conforming to ITU-T V.24 Interchange Circuits DCE. It is configured for 8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit and can be operated at fixed bit rates from 300bps to 460,800bps.

Autobauding supports bit rates from 1,2bps to 460,800bps. Hardware handshake using the /RTS and /CTS signals and XON/XOFF software flow control are supported.

In addition the modem control signals DTR, DSR, DCD and RING are available. The MODEM control signal RING (Ring Indication) can be used to indicate, to the cellular device application, that a call or Unsolicited Result Code (URC) is received.

The electrical characteristics of the serial port signals are shown below:

Note: Outputs at 3kOhm load

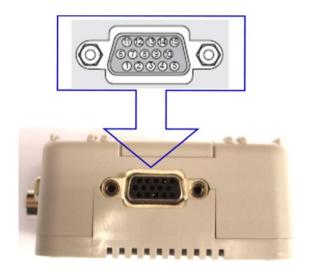
| Pin | Signal | Dir | Voltage levels | Description |
|-----|--------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | DCD | 0 | Min ±5V | Data carrier detect |
| 2 | RD 0 | 0 | Min ±5V | Received data |
| 3 | TD 0 | I | VILmax = 0.6V VIHmin = 2.4V $VImax = \pm 25V$ | Transmitted data |
| 4 | DTR | 1 | VILmax = 0.6V VIHmin = 2.4V $VImax = \pm 25V$ | Data terminal ready |
| 5 | GND | - | OV | Ground connection |
| 6 | DSR | 0 | Min ±5V | Data set ready |
| 7 | RTS | I | VILmax = 0.6V VIHmin = 2.4V $VImax = \pm 25V$ | Request to send |
| 8 | CTS | 0 | Min ±5V | Clear to send |
| 9 | RI | 0 | Min ±5V | Ring indicator |

Features

- Includes the data lines TXD0 and RXD0, the status lines RTS0 and CTS0 and, in addition, the modem control lines DTR0, DSR0, DCD0 and RING0.
- ASC0 is primarily designed for controlling voice calls, transferring CSD, fax and GPRS data and for controlling the GSM engine with AT commands.
- Full Multiplex capability allows the interface to be partitioned into three virtual channels, yet with CSD and fax services only available on the first logical channel. Please note that when the ASCO interface runs in Multiplex mode, ASC1 cannot be used.
- The DTRO signal will only be polled once per second from the internal firmware of MTX-65ULP.
- The RINGO signal serves to indicate incoming calls and other types of URCs (Unsolicited Result Code). It can also be used to send pulses to the host application, for example to wake up the application from power saving state. To configure the RINGO line use following AT Command: AT^SCFG.
- By default, configured for 11500 bps, 8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit. The setting can be changed using the AT commands, AT+IPR and AT+ICF or AT^STPB.
- ASCO can be operated at fixed bit rates from 300 bps to 460800 bps.
- Autobauding is not compatible with multiplex mode.
- Supports RTSO/CTSO hardware flow control and XON/XOFF software flow control.

3.7 Expansion I/O port

MTX-65ULP includes second 2-wire RS232 interface. on the 15 pin high density connector together with I2C bus and VTRC. The MTX-65ULP supports a range of configurable I/Os plus SPI bus.



| 1. I2CCLK SPICLK K | 6. I2CDAT-SPIDO | 11. GPIO 2 |
|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|
| 2. RD1 | 7. SPIDI | 12. GPIO 4 |
| 3. TD1 | 8. SPICS | 13. GPIO10 |
| 4. IO 1 | 9. VEXT | 14. GND |
| 5. IO 3 | 10. DAC_OUT | 15. ADC 1 |

| Pin | MTX-65V3 Signal | Dir | Max. Voltage limits | Description |
|-----|--------------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | I2CCLK SPICLK | 0 | 0.2 - 3.05 V | 12C or SPI bus clock signal |
| 2 | RD1 | 0 | Min ±5V | Secondary RS232 ASC1 UART signal: Received data |
| 3 | TD1 | 1 | VILmax = 0.6V VIHmin = 2.4V VImax = ±25 | Secondary RS232 ASC1 UART signal Transmitted data. V IL < 0.6V, V IH > 2.4V |
| 4 | GPIO 1 | I/O | Input: 0.8 - 3.05 Output: 0.2 - 3.05 | Digital input/output I/O 1 Internal PullDown |
| 5 | GPIO 3 | I/O | Input: 0.8 - 3.05 Output: 0.2 - 3.05 | Digital input/output I/O 3 Internal PullDown |
| 6 | I2CDAT- SPIDO | I/O | Input: 0.8 - 3.05V Output: 0.2 - 3.05V | I2C data or SPI bus Data Output |
| 7 | SPIDI | I | 0.8 - 3.05V | SPI bus Data Input |
| 8 | SPICS | 0 | 0.3 – 3.05V | SPI bus Chip Select (master) |
| 9 | VEXT | 0 | 2.75 – 3.05V Io max: -50mA | Output Voltage reference |
| 10 | DAC_OUT | 0 | 0.2 – 3.05V | Digital Analog Converter / PWM signal output |
| 11 | GPIO 2 | I/O | Input: 0.8 - 3.05 Output: 0.2 - 3.05 | Digital input/output I/O 2 Internal PullDown |
| 12 | GPIO 4 | I/O | Input: 0.8 - 3.05 Output: 0.2 - 3.05 | Digital input/output I/O 4 Internal PullDown |
| 13 | GPIO 10 | I/O | Input: 0.8 - 3.05 Output: 0.2 - 3.05 | Digital input/output I/O 10. Recommended use for pulse counter (input). |
| 14 | GND | | OV | Ground connection |
| 15 | ADC 1 | I | Vimin = 0V, VImax = 2.4V Ri 750kOhms6 Measurement interval: 100ms - 30s Sensitivity, accuracy: 2400 steps (1step = 1mv) Accuracy: ± 0.5mV | Analog-Digital converter Input 1 |

3.7.1. SECONDARY SERIAL RS232 INTERFACE ASC1

The ASC1 interface is available as a 2-wire unbalanced, asynchronous modem interface ASC1 conforming to ITU-T V.24 protocol DCE signalling.

| Pin | Name | Direction | | Function |
|-----|------|-----------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2 | RD1 | 1 | ±5 V | Secondary RS232 UART signal: Received data |
| 3 | TD1 | 0 | ± 25V | Secondary RS232 UART signal Transmitted data. V IL < 0.6V, V IH > 2.4V |

Features

- Includes only the data lines TD1 and RD1 Supports only XON/XOFF software flow control.
- \bullet On ASC1 no RING line is available. The indication of URCs on the second interface depends on the settings made with the AT^SCFG command.
- Configured for 8 data bits, no parity and 1 or 2 stop bits.
- ASC1 can be operated at fixed bit rates from 300 bps to 460800 bps. Autobauding is not supported on ASC1.

3.7.2. I2C Serial Control Bus

I2C is a serial, 8-bit oriented data transfer bus for bit rates up to 400kbps in Fast mode. It consists of two lines, the serial data line I2CDAT and the serial clock line I2CCLK. The MTX-65ULP module acts as a single master device, e.g. the clock I2CCLK is driven by module. I2CDAT is a bi-directional line.

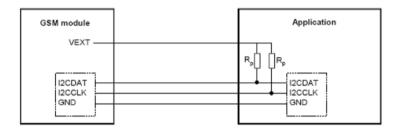
Each device connected to the bus is software addressable by a unique 7-bit address, and simple master/slave relationships exist at all times. The module operates as master-transmitter or as master-receiver. The customer application transmits or receives data only on request of the module.

| Pin | MTX-65ULP Signal | Dir | Max. Voltage limits | Description |
|-----|---------------------|-----|-------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | I2CCLK | 0 | 0.2 - 3.05 V | 12C bus clock signal |
| 6 | 12CDAT | 1/0 | Input: 0.8 - 3.05V Output: 0.2 - 3.05V | I2C data bus |
| 14 | GND | | OV | Ground connection |

To configure and activate the I2C bus use the AT^SSPI command. If the I2C bus is active the two lines I2CCLK and I2DAT are locked for use as SPI lines. Vice versa, the activation of the SPI locks both lines for I2C.

The I2C interface is powered from an internal VEXT supply line so the I2C interface will be properly shut down when the module enters the Power-down mode.

| Function | Signal name | 10 | Signal form and level | Comment |
|------------------|-------------|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I2C interface | I2CCLK | 0 | RO 33 VOLmax = 0.25V at I = 2mA VOHmin = 2.50V at I = -0.5mA VOHmax = 3.05V | I2CDAT is configured as pen Drain and needs a pull-up resistor in the host application. According to the I2C Bus Specification Version 2.1 for the fast mode a rise time of max. 300ns is |
| | I2CDAT | I/O | RO 33 VOLmax = 0.25V at I = 2mA VILmax = 0.8V VIHmin = 2.0V VIHmax = 3.05V | permitted. There is also a maximum VOL=0.4V at 3mA specified. The value of the pull-up depends on the capacitive load of the whole system (I2C Slave + lines). The maximum sink current of I2CDAT and I2CCLK is 4mA. If lines are unused keep pins open. |

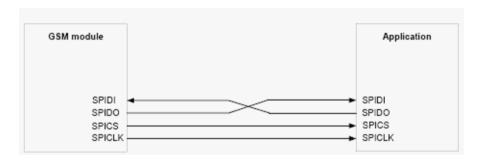


3.7.3. SPI Bus

The SPI (serial peripheral interface) is a synchronous serial interface for control and data transfer between the MTX-65ULP Terminal and the connected application. Only one application can be connected to the module's SPI. The interface supports transmission rates up to 6.5Mbit/s.

It consists of four lines, the two data lines SPIDI/SPIDO, the clock line SPICLK and the chip select line SPICS.

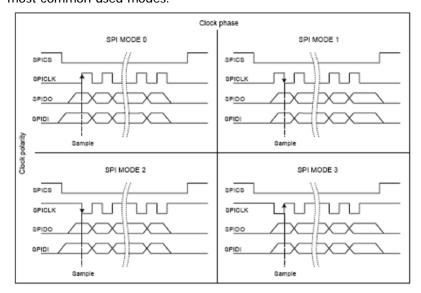
The MTX-65ULP Terminal acts as a single master device, e.g. the clock SPICLK is driven by module. Whenever the SPICS pin is in a low state, the SPI bus is activated and data can be transferred from the module and vice versa. The SPI interface uses two independent lines for data input (SPIDI) and data output (SPIDO).



To configure and activate the SPI bus use the AT^SSPI command. If the SPI bus is active the two lines I2CCLK and I2DAT are locked for use as I2C lines.

In general, SPI supports four operation modes. The modes are different in clock phase and clock polarity. The module's SPI mode can be configured by using the AT command AT^SSPI. Make sure the module and the connected slave device works with the same SPI mode.

Following picture shows the characteristics of the four SPI modes. The SPI modes 0 and 3 are the most common used modes.



The SPI interface is only available if the pins 7 and 8 of the IO interface connector are not used as I2C interface.

| Signal name | Pin | Description |
|---------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SPICS | 8 | Chip select – selects and activates the external device via a low signal. |
| SPIDI | 7 | Data in – serial data input line (from the external device to the MTX65 Terminal) |
| I2CDAT_SPIDO | 6 | Data out – serial data output line (from the MTX65 Terminal to the external device) |
| I2CCLK_SPICLK | 1 | Serial clock line |

3.7.4. General Purpose IO

| Pin | MTX65 Signal | Dir | Max. Voltage limits | Description |
|-----|-----------------|-----|------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 4 | IO 1 | I/O | -0.5 - VREF | Digital Input/Output I/O 1 Digital VREF |
| 11 | 10 2 | 1/0 | -0.5 - VREF | Digital Input/Output I/O 2 Digital VREF |
| 5 | IO 3 | I/O | -0.5 - VREF | Digital Input/Output I/O 3 Digital VREF |
| 12 | IO 4 | 1/0 | -0.5 - VREF | Digital Input/Output I/O 4 Digital VREF |
| 13 | IO 10 | I/O | -0.5 - VREF | Digital Input/Output I/O 4 Digital VREF |
| 10 | DAC OUT | 0 | | Digital to Analog Output |

The MTX-65ULP Terminal provides 4 GPIO pins at the IO interface connector. Each GPIO line is ESD protected and a serial resistor of 100 Ohm is added. This avoids short circuits and is especially

important in the first stages of development where the Java application is not yet fully implemented. The signal direction (input/output) of the GPIO lines is selectable with AT commands

The GIPO related AT commands are the following: AT^SPIO, AT^SCPIN, AT^SCPOL, AT^SCPORT, AT^SDPORT, AT^SGIO, AT^SSIO.

When the MTX-65ULP starts up, all GPIO pins are set to high-impedance state after initializing, so, they're connected internally with a pull-down resistor. This is necessary to keep these pins from floating or driving any external devices before all settings are done by AT command (at least AT^SPIO, AT^SCPIN), and after closing the GPIOs again.

All general purpose IO (GPIO) is programmable by the user.

GPIO is programmable for the following features:

- An input or output
- · Level-sensitive or transition-sensitive
- · Open drain or direct drive
- Polarity (inversion)
- Internal pull-up resistors

3.7.5. Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)

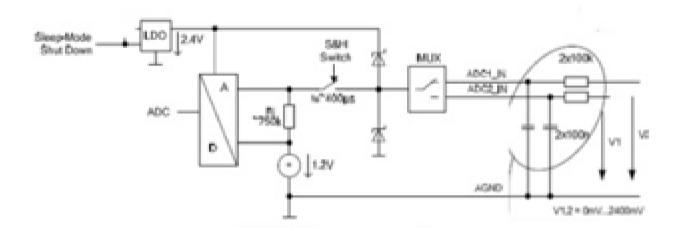
The ADC of the MTX65 consists of 1 independent, unbalanced, multiplexed analog inputs that can be used for measuring external DC voltages in the range of 0mV...+2400mV. The ADC has a resolution of 12 bits.

Use the command AT^SRADC described in [1] to select the analog inputs ADC1_IN or ADC2_IN, to set the measurement mode and read out the measurement results. The measured values are indicated in mV.

There is no out of range detection. Voltages beyond these limits cannot be measured:

- Underflow: Values -25mV
- Overflow: Values > 2425mV

The sample period is adjustable from 30s up to 100ms by AT^SRADC Only during sample time ($ts\sim400\mu s$) the S&H Switch is closed.



3.7.6 Real Time Clock

The TC65 module inside of MTX-65ULP contains a real time clock (RTC) to maintain accurate timekeeping and to enable "time stamping" of messages. This is not used, because MTX-65ULP has their own external low power RTC battery powered.

If you need the internal TC65 RTC contact gsmsupport@matrix.es

3.8. Software Updates

It is possible and sometimes necessary to update the MTX-65ULP software. Updates must be carried out by an approved technician.

Please contact us for details Service/Programming.

4. OPERATION

4.1 Switching On the Modem

First time MTX-65ULP terminal is powered (pin 1 & pin 6 J1 power connector), it will switch on.

The modem is fully operational after 4 seconds. Logging onto a network may take longer than this and is outside the control of the modem.

WAKE UP INPUTS.

When MTX-65ULP is in low-power-mode, is it possible to wake-up when inputs are triggered.

There are 4 wake-up inputs which are internally stored in latches. Latches are resetted using GPIO5.

See paragraph 4.4 about how configure & read them.

WAKE UP BY RTC ALARM.

When the RTC Alarm happens, if MTX-ULP is in ultra-low-power mode, then, it will switch on.

You can know if the MTX-65ULP has been input or RTC wake-up because it's possible to read the latches status with AT commands or JAVA application.

See paragraph 4.5 & Appendix datasheet RTC

Keep in mind that those inputs and RTC can be only programmed when MTX-65ULP is in normal (active-powered on) mode.

4.2 Switching Off the Modem

The only way to shut down (and get into Ultra Low Power Mode) the terminal is clean the inputs latches (reset) and send AT^SMSO command.

CLEAN or RESET input latches:

Use following AT commands: AT^SPIO=1;^SCPIN=1,4,1 OK AT^SSIO=4,1 OK AT^SSIO=4,0 OK AT^SMSO ^SMSO: MS OFF OK ^SHUTDOWN

4.3. Automatic restart after shutdown:

This allow to an application to be always switched ON and be able to restart by itself. The terminal will be powered up 100% time if power is applied. Be sure than at least one wake-up input MUST be active.

```
AT^SPIO=1;^SCPIN=1,4,1
OK
AT^SSIO=4,0
OK
AT^SSIO=4,1
OK
AT^SMSO
^SMSO: MS OFF
OK
^SHUTDOWN
```

After a few seconds the MTX-65ULP will start up automatically.

4.4. Wake-up inputs settings

How to configure & activate Wake-up inputs

AT COMMANDS example

```
at^spio=1
        //Configure GPIO5 as output. GPIO5 reset the internal wake-up latchs
        at^scpin=1,4,1,0
        //Wake-up input configuration
        at^scpin=1,5,0
        at^scpin=1,6,0
        at^scpin=1,7,0
        at^scpin=1,8,0
Example how to read GPIO6 to know if has been triggered
        at^sgio=5
      //read GPIO5 response (as URC)
      ^SGIO: 1
      //wake up GPIO6 trigger
Same for GPIO7, GPIO8 & GPIO9 to know if has been triggered
      at^sgio=6
      ^SGIO: 1
     //Wake up GPIO7 trigger
      at^sgio=7
      ^SGIO: 1
     //Wake up GPIO8 trigger
      at^sqio=7
      ^SGIO: 1
     //Wake up GPIO8 trigger
//How to reset wake-up latches
at^ssio=4,1
at^ssio=4,0
Otherwise, the wake-up trigger because RTC alarm.
//How to swith-off the terminal
AT^SMSO
```

JAVA example:

```
package src;
import javax.microedition.midlet.MIDlet;
import javax.microedition.midlet.MIDletStateChangeException;
import com.siemens.icm.io.ATCommand;
public class main extends MIDlet
    ATCommand atc;
    String respuestaAT;
    String respuesta="";
      int valor5=0;
      int valor6=0;
      int valor7=0;
      int valor8=0;
      int valorRTC=0;
      public void startApp() throws MIDletStateChangeException
      //Creamos una clase ATCommand
        try {
            atc = new ATCommand(false);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        //Habilitamos los puertos E/S
        sendAT("at^spio=1");
        //Configuramos el GPIO5 como salida (reset de los latch de tamper)
        sendAT("at^scpin=1,4,1,0");
        //Configuramos las entradas de tumper como entradas
        sendAT("at^scpin=1,5,0");
        sendAT("at^scpin=1,6,0");
        sendAT("at^scpin=1,7,0");
        //Leemos las GPIOS para ver por cual nos hemos despertado
        valor5=leerGPIO(5);
        valor6=leerGPIO(6);
        valor7=leerGPIO(7);
        //Si se ha despertado por GPIO6 ...
        if (valor5==1)
        {
             System.out.println("Despertado por GPIO6");
        //Si se ha despertado por GPI07 ...
        else if (valor6==1)
             System.out.println("Despertado por GPI07");
        //Si se ha despertado por GPIO8 ...
        else if (valor7==1)
        {
             System.out.println("Despertado por GPIO8");
        //Si no se ha despertado por GPIOs se habrá despertado por RTC
        else
        {
             System.out.print("Despertado por RTC");
        }
        //Activamos el reset de los latch
        cambiarGPIO(4,1);
        cambiarGPIO(4,0);
```

```
//Apagamos el módem
   respuestaAT = sendAT("AT^SMSO");
//Método para enviar los comandos AT
String sendAT(String str)
    try
    {
        str = atc.send(str + "\r".toUpperCase());
    catch (Exception e)
        //En caso de ocurrir una excepción
         //System.out.println("Excepción ocurrida en: " + str);
         e.printStackTrace();
   return str;
}
  public void pauseApp()
  public void destroyApp(boolean cond)
         //Fin de la aplicación
         notifyDestroyed();
  }
//Método para leer un GPIO.
int leerGPIO(int numGPIO)
  String respuestaAT;
  //Leemos el estado de un determinado nº de pin
  respuestaAT=sendAT("at^sgio=" + numGPIO);
  //En función de la respuesta ...
  if (respuestaAT.indexOf("^SGIO: 1")>0)
         return 1;
  else
         return 0;
//Método para poner a 0 ó 1 un GPIO
int cambiarGPIO(int numGPIO, int valor)
  String respuestaAT;
  //Cambiamos el estado de un determinado pin
  respuestaAT=sendAT("at^ssio=" + numGPIO + "," + valor);
  //En función de la respuesta ...
  if (respuestaAT.indexOf("^SGIO: 1")>0)
         return 1;
  else
         return 0;
}
```

4.5. RTC settings

MTX-65ULP contains a Real Time Clock DS1337S chip which can programmed to wake-up the terminal.

Clock format: Day / hour /minute. The alarm bust be monthly programmed.

The RTC is configured and programmed using TC65 I2C bus, using AT commands or JAVA application.

Example for JAVA

```
//Lee la fecha y la hora en la RTC del MTXULP
      //Respuesta:
           fechaHora:
                       OK
           null:
                        Error
      public FechaHora getFechaHora()
            String respuesta="";
            FechaHora fechaHora = new FechaHora();
        try
            respuesta=SendI2C("<aD000>");
            //Si hay error ...
            if (respuesta.indexOf("a+")<0)</pre>
                  return null;
            //Leemos todos los datos donde está la fecha/hora
            respuesta=SendI2C("<aD10007>");
            //Si hay error ...
            if (respuesta.indexOf("a+")<0)</pre>
                  return null;
           //Si llegamos aquí todo ha ido bien ...
            fechaHora.segundos=Byte.parseByte(respuesta.substring(3,5));
            fechaHora.minutos=Byte.parseByte(respuesta.substring(5,7));
            fechaHora.horas=Byte.parseByte(respuesta.substring(7,9));
//Asumo formato 24h
            fechaHora.dia=Byte.parseByte(respuesta.substring(11,13));
            fechaHora.mes=Byte.parseByte(respuesta.substring(13,15));
            fechaHora.ano=Byte.parseByte(respuesta.substring(15,17));
            return fechaHora;
       catch (Exception e) {e.printStackTrace();}
        return null;
      }
//
     Clase FechaHora
     private class FechaHora
            int horas;
            int minutos;
            int segundos;
            int dia;
            int mes;
            int ano;
      }
```

4.6 Operating States/LED

The modem has two LEDs, both for status indication .

The green LED displays the operating status of the Terminal.

The LED can be operated in two different display modes: AT^SSYNC=1 or AT^SSYNC=2 (factory default).

| mode | LED Status |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AT^SSYNC=0 | SYNC mode: Enables the SYNC pin to indicate growing power consumption during a transmit burst. You can make use of the signal generated by the SYNC pin, if power consumption is your concern. To do so, ensure that your application is capable of processing the signal. Your platform design must be such that the incoming signal causes other components to draw less current. In short, this allows your application to accommodate current drain and thus, supply sufficient current to the GSM engine if required. Note: <mode>=0 is the factory default of the TC65 module.</mode> |
| AT^SSYNC=1 | LED mode: Enables the SYNC pin to drive a status LED installed in your application according to the specifications provided in [2]. The coding of the LED is described in Section 19.6.1, ME status indicated by status LED patterns. |
| AT^SSYNC=2 | LED mode: Like <mode>=1, but, additionally, enables different LED signalization in SLEEP mode depending on the status of PIN authentication and network registration. Please see AT+CFUN for details on SLEEP mode. Note: <mode>=2 is the factory default of the MTX65 Terminal.</mode></mode> |

In following table is showed the different operating status and changing this mode

| LED behavior | ME operating status if AT^SSYNC=1 | ME operating status if AT^SSYNC=2 |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Permanently off | ME is in one of the following modes: - POWER DOWN mode AIRPLANE mode CHARGE ONLY mode NON-CYCLIC SLEEP mode CYCLIC SLEEP mode with no temporary wake-up event in progress (1) | ME is in one of the following modes: - POWER DOWN mode AIRPLANE mode CHARGE ONLY mode |
| 600 ms on / 600ms off | Limited Network Service: No SIM card inserted or no PIN entered, or network search in progress, or ongoing user authentication, or network login in progress | Same as for AT^SSYNC=1 |
| 75 ms on / 3 s off | IDLE mode: The mobile is registered to the GSM network (monitoring control channels and user interactions). No call is in progress. | Same as for AT^SSYNC=1 |
| 75 ms on / 75 ms off / 75 ms on / 3 s off | One or more GPRS PDP contexts activated. | Same as for AT^SSYNC=1 |
| 500 ms on / 50 ms off | Packet switched data transfer is in progress | Same as for AT^SSYNC=1 |
| Permanently on | Depending on type of call: Voice call: Connected to remote party. Data call: Connected to remote party or exchange of parameters while setting up or disconnecting a call. | Same as for AT^SSYNC=1 |

<n> ms on / <n> ms off (2)
Not possible: With AT^SSYNC=1, signalization is disabled in SLEEP mode.
SLEEP mode is activated (AT+CFUN parameter <fun> 1), but the ME is not registered to the GSM network (e.g. SIM not inserted or PIN not entered, and therefore, either no network service or only Limited Network Service is avail-able.

- 1) When a temporary wake-up event (for example a call, a URC, a packet switched transfer) occurs in CYCLIC SLEEP mode the LED flashes according to the patterns listed above. See Section 2.9.1, Wake up the ME from SLEEP mode for details on the various SLEEP modes and wake-up events.
- 2) The duration of <n> and <m> depends on the network: In SLEEP mode, the module can only change its LED status during intermittent wake-up periods when listening to paging information from the base station. Therefore the values of <n> and <m> vary as follows:

<n> = value from 471 ms to 2118 ms <m> = 3000 ms

The RED colour LED is connected directly to GPIO5.

This is featured for any signalling purpose you need. You have to configure GPIO5 as an output. You can use then to activate or deactivate this RED LED indicator using either, AT commands or JAVA internal programmability.

AT commands example:

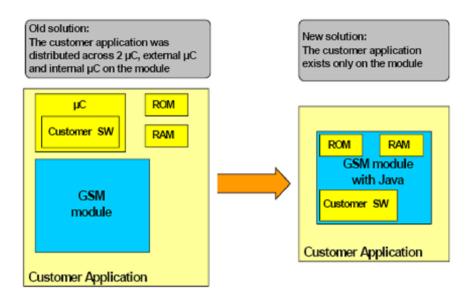
at^spio=1
OK
at^scpin=1,4,1
OK
at^ssio=4,1
OK
Red LED -> ON
at^ssio=4,0
OK
Red LED -> OFF

5. EMBEDDED APPLICATIONS.

The MTX-65ULP can embed an internal application written in popular JAVA language. Java technology and several peripheral interfaces on the module allow you to easily integrate your application.

This way, the customer application can be reduced because all the resources: Microcontroller, Flash & RAM memory and all kind of I/O and bus peripheral is allowed to use by the customer.

This solution saves the external intelligence with all the associate costs and also saving space and power consumption.



Open application resources

- ARM© Core, Blackfin© DSP
- Memory: 400 KB (RAM) and 1.7 MB (Flash)
- Improved power-saving modes

Java™ features:

- CLDC 1.1 HI
- J2ME[™] profile IMP-NG
- Secure data transmission with HTTPS, SSL and PKI

Over-the-air update

- 1. Application SW: OTAP
- 2. Firmware: FOTA (OMA compliant)

6 SAFETY AND PRODUCT CARE

Please read the information in this section and the information in "Installation of the Modem", before starting your integration work!

6.1. Safety instructions

PLEASE READ THESE SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND KEEP A COPY OF THEM.

- Always ensure that use of the modem is permitted. The modem may present a hazard if used in proximity to personal medical electronic devices. As a rule, the modem must not be used in hospitals, airports or planes.
- Never use the modem at a gas station, refueling point, blasting area or in any other environment where explosives may be present.
- Operating the modem close to other electronic devices, such as antennas, television sets, and radios may cause electromagnetic interference.
- This product is intended to be used with the antenna or other radiating element at least 20cm away from any part of the human body. In applications where this rule cannot be applied, the application designer is responsible for providing the SAR measurement test report and declaration.
- You are responsible for observing your country's safety standards, and where applicable, the relevant wiring rules.

6.2. General precautions

The MTX-65ULP Terminal as a stand alone item is designed for indoor use only. To use outside it must be integrated into a weatherproof enclosure. Do not exceed the environmental and electrical limits as specified in "Technical Data".

- Avoid exposing the modem to lighted cigarettes, naked flames or to extreme hot or cold temperature.
- Never try to dismantle the modem yourself. There are no components inside the modem that can be serviced by the user. If you attempt to dismantle the modem, you may invalidate the warranty.
- \bullet The MTX-65ULP Terminal must not be installed or located where the surface temperature of the plastic case may exceed 85°C.
- All cables connected to the MTX-65ULP Terminal must be secured or clamped, immediately adjacent to the modem's connectors, to provide strain relief and to avoid transmitting excessive vibration to the modem in the installation
- Ensure the d.c. cable, supplying power to the MTX-65ULP Terminal, does not exceed 3 meters.
- To protect power supply cables and meet the fire safety requirements when the unit is powered from a battery or a high current supply, connect a fast 1.25A fuse in line with the positive supply.
- Do not connect any incompatible component or product to the MTX-65ULP Terminal.

Note! MTX-65ULP distributors and sales offices may refuse warranty claims where evidence of product misuse is found.

6.3. SIM card precautions

Before handling the SIM card in your application, ensure that you are not charged with static electricity. Use proper precautions to avoid electrostatic discharges.

• When the SIM card hatch is opened, the SIM card connectors lie exposed under the SIM card holder.

Caution! Do not touch these connectors! If you do, you may release an electrical discharge that could damage the modem or the SIM card.

• When designing your application, the SIM card's accessibility should be taken into account. We always recommend that you have the SIM card protected by a PIN code. This will ensure that the SIM card cannot be used by an unauthorized person.

6.4. Antenna precautions

If the antenna is to be mounted outside, consider the risk of lightning. Follow the instructions provided by the antenna manufacturer.

- Never connect more than one modem to a single antenna. The modem can be damaged by radio frequency energy from the transmitter of another modem.
- Like any mobile station, the antenna of the modem emits radio frequency energy. To avoid EMI (electromagnetic interference), you must determine whether the application itself, or equipment in the application's proximity, needs further protection against radio emission and the disturbances it might cause. Protection is secured either by shielding the surrounding electronics or by moving the antenna away from the electronics and the external signals cable.
- The modem and antenna may be damaged if either come into contact with ground potentials other than the one in your application. Beware, ground potential are not always what they appear to be.

6.5. Radio Frequency (RF) exposure and SAR

Your wireless modem device is a low-power radio transmitter and receiver (transceiver). When it is turned on, it emits low levels of radio frequency energy (also known as radio waves or radio frequency fields).

Governments around the world have adopted comprehensive international safety guidelines, developed by scientific organizations, e.g. ICNIRP (International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection) and IEEE (The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Inc.), through periodic and thorough evaluation of scientific studies. These guidelines establish permitted levels of radio wave exposure for the general population. The levels include a safety margin designed to assure the safety of all persons, regardless of age and health, and to account for any variations in measurements.

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is the unit of measurement for the amount of radio frequency energy absorbed by the body when using a transceiver. The SAR value is determined at the highest certified power level in laboratory conditions, but the actual SAR level of the transceiver while operating can be well below this value. This is because the transceiver is designed to use the minimum power required to reach the network.

The MTX-65ULP wireless modem device has been approved for applications where the antenna is located >20cm from the body. In all other configurations the integrator is responsible for meeting the local SAR regulations.

Integrators of the MTX-65ULP wireless modem device are responsible for ensuring that they meet the SAR regulatory requirements of the countries in which they intend to operate the device, and that their documentation contains the relevant SAR declaration, certification information, and user guidance as appropriate.

6.6. Personal Medical Devices

Wireless modem devices may affect the operation of cardiac pacemakers, hearing aids and certain other implanted equipment. If a minimum distance of 15 cm (6 inches) is maintained between the MTX-65ULP terminal radiating antenna and a pacemaker, the risk of interference is limited. If the integrator's application is likely to be situated in the vicinity of personnel, a suitable warning should be contained in the equipment manual to this effect.

7. INSTALLATION OF THE MODEM

This chapter gives you advice and helpful hints on how to integrate the MTX-65ULP Terminal into your application from a hardware perspective.

7.1 Where to install the modem

There are several conditions which need to be taken into consideration when designing your application as they might affect the modem and its function. They are:

7.1.1 Environmental conditions

The modem must be installed so that the environmental conditions stated in the Technical Data chapter, such as temperature, humidity and vibration are satisfied.

Additionally, the electrical specifications in the Technical Data section must not be exceeded.

7.1.2 Signal strength

The modem has to be placed in a way that ensures sufficient signal strength. To improve signal strength, the antenna can be moved to another position. Signal strength may depend on how close the modem is to a radio base station. You must ensure that the location, at which you intend to use the modem, is within the network coverage area. Degradation in signal strength can be the result of a disturbance from another source, for example an electronic device in the immediate vicinity. More information about possible communication disturbances can be found in section 7.3.5.

When an application is completed, you can verify signal strength by issuing the AT command AT+CSQ. See "AT+CSQ Signal Strength".

Tip! Before installing the modem, use an ordinary mobile telephone to check a possible location for it. In determining the location for the modem and antenna, you should consider signal strength as well as cable length.

7.1.3 Connections of components to MTX-65ULP Terminal

The integrator is responsible for the final integrated system. Incorrectly designed or installed, external components may cause radiation limits to be exceeded. For instance, improperly made connections or improperly installed antennas can disturb the network and lead to malfunctions in the modem or equipment.

7.1.4 Network and Subscription

Before your application is used, you must ensure that your chosen network provides the necessary telecommunication services. Contact your service provider to obtain the necessary information.

- If you intend to use SMS in the application, ensure this is included in your (voice) subscription.
- Consider the choice of the supplementary services

7.2 How to install the modem

7.2.1 Power supply

- Use a high-quality power supply cable with low resistance. This ensures that the voltages at the connector pins are within the allowed range, even during the maximum peak current.
- When the unit is powered from a battery or a high current supply, connect a fast 1.25A fuse in line with the positive supply. This protects the power cabling and modem.

7.2.2 Securing the modem

Before securing the modem take into account the amount of additional space required for the mating connectors and cables that will be used in the application.

- Where access is restricted, it may be easier to connect all the cables to the modem prior to securing it in the application.
- Securely attach the MTX-65ULP Terminal modem to the host application using two 3mm diameter pan-head screws

7.3 Antenna

7.3.1 General

The antenna is the component in your system that maintains the radio link between the network and the modem. Since the antenna transmits and receives electromagnetic energy, its efficient function will depend on:

- the type of antenna (for example, circular or directional);
- the placement of the antenna;
- communication disturbances in the vicinity in which the antenna operates.

In the sections below, issues concerning antenna type, antenna placement, antenna cable, and possible communication disturbances are addressed. In any event, you should contact your local antenna manufacturer for additional information concerning antenna type, cables, connectors, antenna placement, and the surrounding area.

You should also determine whether the antenna needs to be grounded or not. Your local antenna manufacturer might be able to design a special antenna suitable for your application.

7.3.2 Antenna type

Make sure that you choose the right type of antenna for the modem. Consider the following requirements:

- the antenna must be designed for the one of the frequency bands in use; please ask your network provider for more information:
 - GSM 850/900 MHz
 - GSM 1800/1900 MHz:
- the impedance of the antenna and antenna cable must be 50;
- the antenna output-power handling must be a minimum of 2W;
- the VSWR value should be less than 3:1 to avoid damage to the modem.

7.3.3 Antenna placement

The antenna should be placed away from electronic devices or other antennas. The recommended minimum distance between adjacent antennas, operating in a similar radio frequency band, is at least 50cm. If signal strength is weak, it is useful to face a directional antenna at the closest radio base station. This can increase the strength of the signal received by the modem. The modem's peak output power can reach 2W.

RF field strength varies with antenna type and distance. At 10cm from the antenna the field strength may be up to 70V/m and at 1m it will have reduced to 7V/m. In general, CE-marked products for residential and commercial areas, and light industry can withstand a minimum of 3V/m.

7.3.4 The antenna cable

Use 50 impedance low-loss cable and high-quality 50 impedance connectors (frequency range up to 2GHz) to avoid RF losses. Ensure that the antenna cable is as short as possible. The Voltage Standing-Wave Ratio (VSWR) may depend on the effectiveness of the antenna, cable and connectors. In addition, if you use an adapter between the antenna cable and the antenna connector, it is crucial that the antenna cable is a high-quality, low-loss cable. Minimize the use of extension cables, connectors and adapters. Each additional cable, connector or adapter causes a loss of signal power.

7.3.5 Possible communications disturbances

Possible communication disturbances include the following:

- **Noise** can be caused by electronic devices and radio transmitters.
- Path-loss occurs as the strength of the received signal steadily decreases in proportion to the distance from the transmitter.
- **Shadowing** is a form of environmental attenuation of radio signals caused by hills, buildings, trees or even vehicles. This can be a particular problem inside buildings, especially if the walls are thick and reinforced.
- **Multi-path fading** is a sudden decrease or increase in the signal strength. This is the result of interference caused when direct and reflected signals reach the antenna simultaneously. Surfaces such as buildings, streets, vehicles, etc., can reflect signals.
- **Hand-over** occurs as you move from one cell to another in the GSM network. Your mobile application call is transferred from one cell to the next. Hand-over can briefly interfere with communication and may cause a delay, or at worst, a disruption.

8. ACCESSORIES

The MTX-65ULP has been type approved together with a range of accessories including: Power supply, all type of antennas (indoor, outdoor, high gain, etc...), cables and DIN adapter

Following is an example of this, please visit <u>www.matrix.es/MTX-Terminals</u> to see the full-range of accessories

1. POWER SUPPLY

1.1 AC Power Adaptor

OPANIEL TECHNOLOGIES http://www.opaniel.com/ Model S1512-1212

Input: 240VAC, 0.1A power adaptor, 50-60Hz

mains lead Euro plug option.

Output: 12V DC, 1.2A.

2m cable with RJ12 plug connector see below.

RJ12 plug proprietary pinout:

Pin 1 = Positive

Pin 2 = Not connected

Pin 3 = Not connected

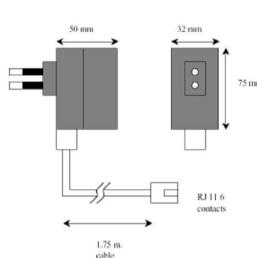
Pin 4 = Positive

Pin 5 = Not connected

Pin 6 = Negative

CE approved

ORDERING CODE: 901.004.167



1.2 DC cable

2,5m Fused DC Power Cable for GSM terminals

Fuse: Fast acting fuse 0.4A



ORDERING CODE: 118.003.330

2. ANTENNAS

2.1 Magnetic Dual Band Antenna (900/1800MHz)

OPANIEL TECHNOLOGIES http://www.opaniel.com

Model: MTX-FME F (whips 6 & 22 cm)

Magnetic-mount antenna, 3m RG174 cable with FME female connector $\,$

0dB radiator for whip 6 cm. 3dB radiator for whip 22 cm.

Ordering code: 118.009.000



2.2 Right angle short antenna



OPANIEL TECHNOLOGIES http://www.opaniel.com

Model: MTX-ACODADA FME F

L= 5 + 2.5 cmGain= 0dB

ORDERING CODE: 118.007.004

2.3 Patch Adhesive Antenna

OPANIEL TECHNOLOGIES http://www.opaniel.com

Model: MTX-UT902 – FME F

MTX- UT-902, RG174 3 mts, GSM DUAL BAND (900 / 1800 MHz) ANTENNA

Patch Antenna Cable RG174 3 Meters Gain 2 dB

Frequency: 824-960 MHz, 1770-1880mhZ

ORDERING CODE: 118.007.003

There is more antenna range of products, you can see in http://www.opaniel.com/products/default.asp?IDP=2

3. CABLES

3.1 SERIAL CABLE

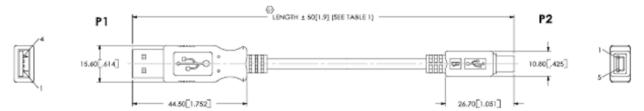
DB9 Male to DB9 Female. 1, 5 meter length available. All pins connected.

Ordering Code: 123.000.000



3.2 USB CABLE

USB-A to Mini USB-B 1,5 meter length cable.



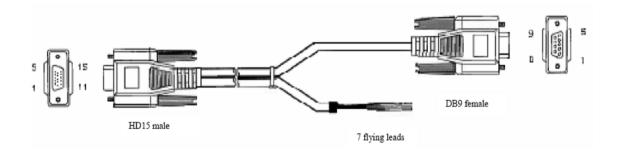
Ordering Code: 120.003.222

3.3 Expansion port - RS232 2-way Serial Cable

Modem and System Breakout Cable: 1m lead length

- HD15 male connector Connected to;
 - DB9 female connector (9 signal RS232 serial connection)
 - 7 flying leads

Conductor current rating < 1.5A DC, 26 AWG



Interconnect Table

| HD15 male | | DB9 female | Flying leads |
|-----------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| 1 | I2CCLK-SPICLK | 1 | |
| 2 | RD1 | 2 | |
| 3 | TD1 | 3 | |
| 4 | GPIO 1 | | Black |
| 5 | GPIO 3 | | Brown |
| 6 | 12CDAT-SPIDO | 6 | |
| 7 | SPIDI | 7 | |
| 8 | SPICS | 8 | |
| 9 | VEXT | | Red |
| 10 | DAC_OUT | 9 | |
| 11 | GPIO 2 | | Orange |
| 12 | GPIO 4 | | Yellow |
| 13 | ADC2 | 4 | |
| 14 | GND | 5 | Green |
| 15 | ADC 1 | | Blue |
| | | | |

Ordering code: 140.000.994

4. DEVELOPMENT KITS

4.1. SOFTWARE and Documentation for MTX-65ULP. (Module TC65 inside)

Ask gsmsupport@matrix.es for FTP user & password details

9. CONFORMITY ASSESSMENT

MATRIX ELECTRONICA S.L. Alejandro Sanchez 109 28019 Madrid Spain

Declare under our sole responsibility that the products

MTX-65ULP Terminal V1.0, containing Cellular Engine Cinterion WM engine TC65 (Type S30880-S8355) respectively to which this declaration relates, are in conformity with the following standards and/or directives:

DIRECTIVES

EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the council of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity (in short referred to as R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC).

The product is labeled with the CE conformity mark 89/336/EC Directive on electromagnetic compatibility 73/23/EC Directive on electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits (Low Voltage Directive)

Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

STANDARDS of EUROPEAN TYPE APPROVAL

3GPP TS 51.010-1: Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2); Mobile Station (MS) conformance specification

ETSI EN 301 511 V9.0.2: Global System for Mobile communications (GSM); Harmonized standard for mobile stations in the GSM 900 and DCS 1800 bands covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE directive (1999/5/EC) (GSM 13.11 version 7.0.1 Release 1998)

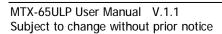
ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.4.1: Electro Magnetic Compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common Technical Requirements

ETSI EN 301 489-7 V1.2.1: Candidate Harmonized European Standard (Telecommunications series) Electro Magnetic Compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 7: Specific conditions for mobile and portable radio and ancillary equipment of digital cellular radio telecommunications systems (GSM and DCS)

IEC/EN 60950-1 (2001): Safety of information technology equipment (2000)

The technical documentation relevant to the above equipment will be held at MATRIX ELECTRONICA S.L. Alejandro Sanchez 109 28019 Madrid Spain

Madrid, 24th September 2007. Mr. J. Vicente Managing Board



FCC COMPLIANT AND SAR INFORMATION

MTX-65ULP compliants with FCC regulations.

Equipment class : PCS Licenced Tranmitter Notes : Quadband GSM/GPRS Modem

MTX-65ULP Contains FCC ID: QIPTC65

Cinterion Wireless Modules models: TC63, TC65, TC63i and TC65i are marketed without defined antenna.

Maximum Gain antenna using indoor antennas depend on distance from antenna to any nearby persons in normal operation should not exceed values shows on below table.

According to the limit in 47 CFR 1.1310, we get the value of the maximum antenna gain as follow:

The maximum measured power output in the 850 MHz band is 1866.38 mW (32.71 dBm, see 7layers test report MDE_Siem_0714_FCCb).

The maximum permissible exposure is defined in 47 CFR 1.1310 with 0.55773 mW/cm².

The maximum measured power output in the 1900 MHz band is 974.99 mW (29.89 dBm, see 7layers test report MDE_Siem_0714_FCCc).

The maximum permissible exposure is defined in 47 CFR 1.1310 with 1 mW/cm².

According to the limit in 47 CFR 1.1310, we get the value of the maximum antenna gain as follow:

 $S = P*G/4 R^2$

 $S = 0.55773 \text{ mW/cm}^2 \text{ or } 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

P = 1866.38 mW or 974.99 mW

R = 20 cm or 100 cm

= 3.1416

G(dBi)=10*log10(G)

Solving for G; the maximum antenna gain is

Band Distance Maximun Gain in dBi

850MHz20cm 1.7669 850MHz50cm 9.7257

1900MHz 20cm 7.1227 1900MHz 50cm 15.0815

10. ROHS STATEMENT

The MTX-65ULP is compliant with the 2002/95/EC Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS).





11. DISPOSAL OF OLD ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT (WEEE MARK)



This symbol, applied on our products and/or on its packaging, indicates that this product should not be treated as household waste when you wish to dispose of it. Instead, it should be handed over to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate disposal of this product. The recycling of

materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about the recycling of this product, please contact your local city office, household waste disposal service or the retail store where you purchased this product.

12. ABBREVIATIONS

| Abbreviation | Explanations | | |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| CBM | Cell Broadcast Message | | |
| CBS | Cell Broadcast Service | | |
| CSD | Circuit Switched Data | | |
| DCE | Data Circuit Terminating Equipment | | |
| DTE | Data Terminal Equipment | | |
| DTMF | Dual Tone Multi Frequency | | |
| EFR | Enhanced Full Rate | | |
| EMC | Electro-Magnetic Compatibility | | |
| ETSI | European Telecommunication Standards Institute | | |
| FR | Full Rate | | |
| GPRS | General Packet Radio Service | | |
| GSM | Global System for Mobile Communication | | |
| HR | Half Rate | | |
| HSCSD | High Speed Circuit Switched Data | | |
| ITU-T | International Telecommunication Union - Telecommunications | | |
| | Standardization Sector | | |
| ME | Mobile Equipment | | |
| MO | Mobile Originated | | |
| MS | Mobile Station | | |
| MT | Mobile Terminated | | |
| PDU | Protocol Data Unit | | |
| RLP | Radio Link Protocol | | |
| RF | Radio Frequency | | |
| RTC | Real Time Clock | | |
| SIM | Subscriber Identity Module | | |
| SMS | Short Message Service | | |
| TA | Terminal Adapter | | |
| TE | Terminal Equipment | | |
| TS | Telecom Services | | |

13. AT COMMAND SUMMARY

The AT standard is a line-oriented command language. AT is an abbreviation of ATtention and it is always used to start sending a command line from the terminal equipment (TE) to the terminal adaptor (TA).

The command line consists of a string of alphanumeric characters. It is sent to the MTX-65ULP to instruct it to perform the commands specified by the characters.

The AT commands listed below are supported by the within the MTX-65ULP. The AT command user manual can be downloading from MTX-65ULP web page: www.matrix.es/MTX-TERMINALS.

| AT Command | Description |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| +++ | Switch from data mode to command mode |
| ^SSTN | SAT Notification |
| A/ | Repeat previous command line |
| AT&C | Set Data Carrier Detect (DCD) Line mode |
| AT&D | Set circuit Data Terminal Ready (DTR) function mode |
| AT&F | Set all current parameters to manufacturer defaults |
| AT&S | Set circuit Data Set Ready (DSR) function mode |
| AT&V | Display current configuration |
| AT&W | Stores current configuration to user defined profile |
| AT+CACM | Accumulated call meter (ACM) reset or query |
| AT+CALA | Set alarm time |
| AT+CAMM | Accumulated call meter maximum (ACMmax) set or query |
| AT+CAOC | Advice of Charge information |
| AT+CBST | Select bearer service type |
| AT+CCFC | Call forwarding number and conditions control |
| AT+CCLK | Real Time Clock |
| AT+CCUG | Closed User Group |
| AT+CCWA | Call Waiting |
| AT+CEER | Extended Error Report |
| AT+CFUN | Set phone functionality |
| AT+CGACT | PDP context activate or deactivate |
| AT+CGANS | Manual response to a network request for PDP context activation |
| AT+CGATT | GPRS attach or detach |
| AT+CGAUTO | Automatic response to a network request for PDP context activation |
| AT+CGDATA | Enter data state |
| AT+CGDCONT | Define PDP Context |
| AT+CGEQMIN | 3G Quality of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable) |
| AT+CGEQREQ | 3G Quality of Service Profile (Requested) |
| AT+CGMI | Request manufacturer identification |
| AT+CGMM | Request model identification |
| | |

| AT+CGMR | Request revision identification of software status |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| AT+CGPADDR | Show PDP address |
| AT+CGQMIN | Quality of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable) |
| AT+CGQREQ | Quality of Service Profile (Requested) |
| AT+CGREG | GPRS Network Registration Status |
| AT+CGSMS | Select service for MO SMS messages |
| AT+CGSN | Request International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI) |
| AT+CHLD | Call Hold and Multiparty |
| AT+CHUP | Hang up call |
| AT+CIMI | Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) |
| AT+CIND | Indicator control |
| AT+CLCC | List current calls of ME |
| AT+CLCK | Facility lock |
| AT+CLIP | Calling Line Identification Presentation |
| AT+CLIR | Calling line identification restriction |
| AT+CLVL | Loudspeaker volume level |
| AT+CMEE | Mobile Equipment Error Message Format |
| AT+CMER | Mobile Equipment Event Reporting |
| AT+CMGC | Send an SMS command |
| AT+CMGD | Delete short message |
| AT+CMGF | Select SMS message format |
| AT+CMGL | List SMS messages from preferred store |
| AT+CMGR | Read SMS messages |
| AT+CMGS | Send Short Message |
| AT+CMGW | Write Short Messages to Memory |
| AT+CMSS | Send short messages from storage |
| AT+CMUT | Mute control |
| AT+CMUX | Enter multiplex mode |
| AT+CNMA | New Message Acknowledgement to ME/TE, only phase 2+ |
| AT+CNMI | New short Message Indication |
| AT+CNUM | Read own numbers |
| AT+COLP | Connected Line Identification Presentation |
| AT+COPN | Read operator names |
| AT+COPS | Operator Selection |
| AT+CPAS | Mobile equipment activity status |
| AT+CPBR | Read from Phonebook |
| AT+CPBS | Select phonebook memory storage |
| AT+CPBW | Write into Phonebook |
| AT+CPIN | PIN Authentication |
| | |

| AT+CPIN2 | PIN2 Authentication |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AT+CPMS | Preferred SMS message storage |
| AT+CPOL | Preferred Operator List |
| AT+CPUC | Price per unit and currency table |
| AT+CPWD | Change Password |
| AT+CR | Service reporting control |
| AT+CRC | Set Cellular Result Codes for incoming call indication |
| AT+CREG | Network registration |
| AT+CRLP | Select radio link protocol parameters for originated non- transparent data calls |
| AT+CRSM | Restricted SIM Access |
| AT+CSCA | SMS Service Center Address |
| AT+CSCB | Select Cell Broadcast Message Indication |
| AT+CSCS | Select TE character set |
| AT+CSDH | Show SMS text mode parameters |
| AT+CSMP | Set SMS text Mode Parameters |
| AT+CSMS | Select Message Service |
| AT+CSNS | Single Numbering Scheme |
| AT+CSQ | Signal quality |
| AT+CSSN | Supplementary service notifications |
| AT+CUSD | Supplementary service notifications |
| AT+CXXCID | Display card ID |
| AT+FCLASS | Fax: Select, read or test service class |
| AT+FRH | Receive Data Using HDLC Framing |
| AT+FRM | Receive Data |
| AT+FRS | Receive Silence |
| AT+FTH | Transmit Data Using HDLC Framing |
| AT+FTM | Transmit Data |
| AT+FTS | Stop Transmission and Wait |
| AT+GCAP | Request complete TA capabilities list |
| AT+GMI | Request manufacturer identification |
| AT+GMM | Request model identification |
| AT+GMR | Request revision identification of software status |
| AT+GSN | Request International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI) |
| AT+ICF | Serial Interface Character Framing |
| AT+IFC | Set Flow Control separately for data directions |
| AT+ILRR | Set TE-TA local rate reporting |
| AT+IPR | Set fixed local rate |
| AT+VTD | Tone duration |
| AT+VTS | DTMF and tone generation |
| | |

| ATV Set CONNECT result code format ATVMONI Monitor idle mode and dedicated mode AT^MONP Monitor neighbour cells AT^SAADC Show ADC Adjustment Values AT^SAADC Advice of charge and query of ACM and ACMmax AT^SAIC Audio Interface Configuration AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SCRU AT^SCRU ATSCRU | AT+WS46 | Select wireless network |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AT^MONI Monitor idle mode and dedicated mode AT^MONP Monitor neighbour cells AT^SAADC Show ADC Adjustment Values AT^SACM Advice of charge and query of ACM and ACMmax AT^SAIC Audio Interface Configuration AT^SALS Alternate Line Service AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SCNT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCNT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCNT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCNT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCNT County SIM and Chip Card Holder Status AT^SCND List Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store AT^SCMR Read Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMN Write Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCNN Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Pott Configuration AT^SCPOL Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SCND Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SCND Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SCND Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDD Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCD Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCD Set or the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDNORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCND Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDNORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCONF Configuration Of PPP connection AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause Internet Connection Information Internet Connection Information Internet Connection Open | AT\Q | Flow control |
| AT^MONP Monitor neighbour cells AT^SAADC Show ADC Adjustment Values AT^SACM Advice of charge and query of ACM and ACMmax AT^SALS Alternate Line Service AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SCFG Extended Configuration Settings AT^SCID Display SIM card identification number AT^SCKS Query SIM and Chip Card Holder Status AT^SCML List Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store AT^SCMR Read Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store AT^SCMS Send Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SCNI Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCPOL Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDLD Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCPOL Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete a Port Configuration AT^SCOL Set Critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Ouery all PDP context activations AT^SGACT Ouery all PDP context activations AT^SGACT Ouery all PDP context activations AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGONF Configuration | AT\V | Set CONNECT result code format |
| AT^SACM Advice of charge and query of ACM and ACMmax AT^SALS Alternate Line Service AT^SBC Battery/Supply Voltage AT^SCNT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCND Display SIM card identification number AT^SCML List Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store AT^SCMN Write Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Polting Configuration AT^SCPOL Polting Configuration AT^SCPOL Display SIM card identification number ATSCMN ATSCMN Read Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store ATSCMN ATSCMN Write Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCNI List Call Number Information ATSCPIN ATSCPIN Pin Configuration ATSCPOL Polling Configuration ATSCPOL Polling Configuration ATSCPOL ATSCTN Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature ATSCNL Delete the 'last number redial' memory ATSPDL Delete the 'last number redial' memory ATSPDL Enter Firmware Download Mode ATSFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode ATSFOL ATSCACT Query all PDP context activations ATSCACT Configuration of GPRS related Parameters ATSGACT Query all PDP context activations ATSCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters ATSGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters ATSGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters ATSGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters ATSCONF ATSHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause ATSICI Internet Connection Open | AT^MONI | Monitor idle mode and dedicated mode |
| AT^SADC AT^SACM Advice of charge and query of ACM and ACMmax AT^SALS Alternate Line Service AT^SBC Battery/Supply Voltage AT^SCUT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCUT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCUT Display SIM card identification number AT^SCUT Display SIM card identification number AT^SCUT AT^SCUT Display SIM card identification number AT^SCUT ATSACT ATSACT AUTHORITICATE CONNECTION POPT AT^SCUT AT^SCUT AT^SCUT ATTANCT ANDO AUTHORITICATE AT^SCUT ATTANCT ANDO AUTHORITICATE ATTANCT A | AT^MONP | Monitor neighbour cells |
| AT^SACM Advice of charge and query of ACM and ACMmax AT^SALC Audio Interface Configuration AT^SALS Alternate Line Service AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SBV Battery/Supply Voltage AT^SCCNT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCFG Extended Configuration Settings AT^SCID Display SIM card identification number AT^SCKS Query SIM and Chip Card Holder Status AT^SCML List Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store AT^SCMR Read Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the "last number redial" memory AT^SDLD Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICI Internet Connection Open | AT^SAADC | - |
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| AT^SBC Battery Charge Control AT^SBV Battery/Supply Voltage AT^SCCNT Configure Pulse Counter AT^SCFG Extended Configuration Settings AT^SCID Display SIM card identification number AT^SCKS Query SIM and Chip Card Holder Status AT^SCML List Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store AT^SCMR Read Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMS Send Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPON Pin Configuration AT^SCPON Port Configuration AT^SCPON Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SCDN Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SCACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SCACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SCIO Get 10 state of a specified pin or port AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SCIC Internet Connection Open | AT^SALS | - |
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| AT^SCKS Query SIM and Chip Card Holder Status AT^SCML List Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store AT^SCMR Read Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMS Send Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDDORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Information AT^SICI Internet Connection Open | AT^SCFG | Extended Configuration Settings |
| AT^SCML List Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMR Read Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMS Send Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDLD Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SCID | Display SIM card identification number |
| AT^SCMR Read Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPOL Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Open | AT^SCKS | Query SIM and Chip Card Holder Status |
| AT^SCMS Send Concatenated Short Messages AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPORT Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDDORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICI Internet Connection Information Internet Connection Information Internet Connection Open | AT^SCML | List Concatenated Short Messages from preferred store |
| AT^SCMW Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPORT Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDLD Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Information AT^SICI Internet Connection Open | AT^SCMR | Read Concatenated Short Messages |
| AT^SCNI List Call Number Information AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPORT Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SCMS | Send Concatenated Short Messages |
| AT^SCPIN Pin Configuration AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPORT Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SCMW | Write Concatenated Short Messages to Memory |
| AT^SCPOL Polling Configuration AT^SCPORT Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SCNI | List Call Number Information |
| AT^SCPORT Port Configuration AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SCPIN | Pin Configuration |
| AT^SCSL Customer SIM Lock AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information Internet Connection Open | AT^SCPOL | Polling Configuration |
| AT^SCTM Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information Internet Connection Open | AT^SCPORT | Port Configuration |
| AT^SDLD Delete the 'last number redial' memory AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SCSL | Customer SIM Lock |
| AT^SDPORT Delete a Port Configuration AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SCTM | Set critical operating temperature presentation mode or query temperature |
| AT^SFDL Enter Firmware Download Mode AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SDLD | Delete the 'last number redial' memory |
| AT^SFNUR Select the fixed network user rate AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SDPORT | Delete a Port Configuration |
| AT^SGACT Query all PDP context activations AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SFDL | Enter Firmware Download Mode |
| AT^SGAUTH Set type of authentication for PPP connection AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SFNUR | Select the fixed network user rate |
| AT^SGCONF Configuration of GPRS related Parameters AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SGACT | Query all PDP context activations |
| AT^SGIO Get IO state of a specified pin or port AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SGAUTH | Set type of authentication for PPP connection |
| AT^SHOM Display Homezone AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SGCONF | Configuration of GPRS related Parameters |
| AT^SHUP Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SGIO | Get IO state of a specified pin or port |
| AT^SICC Internet Connection Close AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SHOM | Display Homezone |
| AT^SICI Internet Connection Information AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SHUP | Hang up call(s) indicating a specific GSM04.08 release cause |
| AT^SICO Internet Connection Open | AT^SICC | Internet Connection Close |
| · | AT^SICI | Internet Connection Information |
| AT^SICS Internet Connection Setup Profile | AT^SICO | Internet Connection Open |
| | AT^SICS | Internet Connection Setup Profile |

| AT^SIND | Extended Indicator Control |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AT^SISC | Internet Service Close |
| AT^SISE | Internet Service Error Report |
| AT^SISI | Internet Service Information |
| AT^SISO | Internet Service Open |
| AT^SISR | Internet Service Read Data |
| AT^SISS | Internet Service Setup Profile |
| AT^SISW | Internet Service Write Data |
| AT^SISX | Internet Service Execution |
| AT^SJNET | Set Dialup Network Access Parameters |
| AT^SJOTAP | Over The Air Application Provisioning |
| AT^SJRA | Run Java Application |
| AT^SJSEC | Write Binary Java Security Data |
| AT^SLCC | Siemens defined command to list current calls of ME |
| AT^SLCD | Display Last Call Duration |
| AT^SLCK | Facility lock |
| AT^SLMS | List SMS Memory Storage |
| AT^SM20 | Set M20 compatibility mode |
| AT^SMGL | List Short Messages from preferred store without setting status to REC READ |
| AT^SMGO | Set or query SMS overflow presentation mode or query SMS overflow |
| AT^SMGR | Read short message without setting status to REC READ |
| AT^SMONC | Cell Monitoring |
| AT^SMOND | Cell Monitoring |
| AT^SMONG | GPRS Monitor |
| AT^SMSO | Switch off mobile station |
| AT^SNFA | Set or query of microphone attenuation |
| AT^SNFD | Set audio parameters to manufacturer default values |
| AT^SNFI | Set microphone path parameters |
| AT^SNFM | Set microphone audio path and power supply |
| AT^SNFO | Set audio output (= loudspeaker path) parameter |
| AT^SNFPT | Set progress tones |
| AT^SNFS | Select audio hardware set |
| AT^SNFTTY | Signal TTY/CTM audio mode capability |
| AT^SNFV | Set loudspeaker volume |
| AT^SNFW | Write audio setting in non-volatile store |
| AT^SOPS | Extended Operator Selection |
| AT^SPBC | Find first matching entry in sorted phonebook |
| AT^SPBD | Purge phonebook memory storage |
| | 3 - 3 |

| AT^SPBG | Display phonebook entries in alphabetical order |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AT^SPBS | Step through the selected phonebook alphabetically |
| AT^SPIC | Display PIN counter |
| AT^SPIO | General Purpose IO Driver Open/Close |
| AT^SPLM | Read the PLMN list |
| AT^SPLR | Read entry from the preferred operators list |
| AT^SPLW | Write an entry to the preferred operators list |
| AT^SPWD | Change Password |
| AT^SRADC | Configure and Read ADC Measurement |
| AT^SRSA | Remote SIM Access Activation |
| AT^SRSM | Remote SIM Access Message |
| AT^SRTC | Ring tone configuration |
| AT^SSCNT | Start and Stop Pulse Counter |
| AT^SSCONF | SMS Command Configuration |
| AT^SSDA | Set SMS Display Availability |
| AT^SSET | Indicate SIM data ready |
| AT^SSIO | Set IO state of a specified pin or port |
| AT^SSMSS | Set Short Message Storage Sequence |
| AT^SSPI | Serial Protocol Interface |
| AT^SSTA | SAT Interface Activation |
| AT^SSTGI | SAT Get Information |
| AT^SSTR | SAT Response |
| AT^SSYNC | Configure SYNC Pin |
| AT^STCD | Display Total Call Duration |
| AT^STPB | Transmit Parity Bit (for 7E1 and 7O1 only) |
| AT^SWDAC | Configure and Read PWM Signal for DAC |
| AT^SXSM | Extended SIM Access |
| ATA | Answer a call |
| ATA | Manual response to a network request for PDP context activation |
| ATD | Mobile originated call to specified number |
| ATD*98# | Request GPRS IP service |
| ATD*99# | Request GPRS service |
| ATD> <mem><n></n></mem> | Mobile originated call using specific memory and index number |
| ATD> <n></n> | Mobile originated call from active memory using index number |
| ATD> <str></str> | Mobile originated call from active memory using corresponding field - |
| ATDI | Mobile originated call to ISDN number |
| ATDL | Redial last number used |
| ATE | Enable command echo |
| ATH | Disconnect existing connection |
| | |

| ATH | Manual rejection of a network request for PDP context activation |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ATI | Display product identification information |
| ATL | Set monitor speaker loudness |
| ATM | Set monitor speaker mode |
| АТО | Switch from command mode to data mode / PPP online mode |
| ATP | Select pulse dialing |
| ATQ | Set result code presentation mode |
| ATS0 | Set number of rings before automatically answering a call |
| ATS0 | Automatic response to a network request for PDP context activation |
| ATS10 | Set disconnect delay after indicating the absence of data carrier |
| ATS18 | Extended call release report |
| ATS3 | Set command line termination character |
| ATS4 | Set response formatting character |
| ATS5 | Write command line editing character |
| ATS6 | Set pause before blind dialing |
| ATS7 | Set number of seconds to wait for connection completion |
| ATS8 | Set number of seconds to wait for comma dialing modifier |
| ATT | Select tone dialing |
| ATV | Set result code format mode |
| ATX | Set CONNECT result code format and call monitoring |
| ATZ | Set all current parameters to user defined profile |

15. SALES CONTACT

www.matrix.es gsmsupport@matrix.es

www.matrix.es/MTX-Terminals

| Matrix Madrid | Matrix Barcelona | Matrix Bilbao | Matrix Valencia |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Matrix Electronica S.L.U. | Matrix Electronica S.L.U. | Matrix Electronica S.L.U | Matrix Electronica S.L.U |
| C/ Alejandro Sánchez, 109 28019 - Madrid | Pol. Ind. Can Rosés Nave 109, Of. 6-9 08191 – Rubí - Barcelona | Zubibitarte, 48220 Maitena - Abadiano Vizcaya | 11C/ Francesc Eiximenis, 13 -46136 – Museros - Valencia |
| España | España | España | España |
| Tel. +34 91 5602737 | Tel. +34 93 5882137 | Tel. +34 902 198146 | Tel. +34 902 99 54 14 |
| Fax. +34 91 5652865 | Fax. +34 93 5886172 | Fax. +34 91 5652865 | Fax. +34 915 65 28 65 |
| matrix@matrix.es | aps@matrix.es | bilbao@matrix.es | valencia@matrix.es |
| | | | |
| Matrix Andalucia | Matrix Lisboa | Matrix Paris | Matrix Toulouse |
| Matrix Electronica S.L. | Lusomatrix, Lda | Fleximatrix Electronique | Fleximatrix Electronique |
| Sevilla | Av. Coronel Eduardo Galhardo, 7, 1°C | 10, avenue du Québec | Toulouse |
| España | 1170-105 Lisboa | BP 116 - Villebon sur Yvette | France |
| | Portugal | 91944 Courtaboeuf ced France | ex |
| Tel. +34 95 5600020 | Tel. +351 218162625 | Tel. +33 (0) 1 60924292 | Tel. +33 (0) 561420199 |
| Fax. +34 91 5652865 | Fax. +351 218149482 | Fax. +33 (0) 1 69290919 | Fax. +33 (0) 169290919 |
| andalucia@matrix.es | comercial@lusomatrix.pt | ventes@fleximatrix.com | ventes@fleximatrix.com |